

Ton Venhoeven Sure Eurodelta



18 November 2022



Research projects@VenhoevenCS architecture + urbanism





Legenda* bebouwing nationale wegen nationale spoorwegen luchthaven haven water duinenlandschap met duinontg laagveenontginningslandschap veenkolonial landschap droogmakerij zeekleilandschap (jonge/oude z rivierlandschap met stroomrugzandlandschap met essen, kam heuvelland met loessontginning middelgebergte (buiten Nederl boslandschap

grens NL / 12-mijlzone

*De aanduiding van de landschapsyten i

How to create agglomeration power, develop the circular economy, and solve all sustainability issues at the same time? and e ondergroup de hier geteende, ondergrand later verv





Make optimal use of multimodal networks to connect producers and 50.000.000 consumers in the circular economy





On second thought however, there are huge sustainability issues in current transportation and logistics



Can we solve this with smart systems like platooning or better trucks, like hydrogen powered trucks?

The Hydrogen-fuelled container feeder vessel



The new container feeder vessel targets traditional trades.

- full open-top 1000 TEU intake with 150 reefer slots, 700 TEU @14t
- service speed of 15 knots
- The new container feeder vessel runs on liquid Hydrogen.
- · two power generation rooms, forward and aft
- 5 MW fuel cell systems, with 3 MWh battery systems to provide peak power
- multiple type C tanks with 920 m³ to hold liquid Hydrogen for a ten-day roundtrip



Zero emission can be solved: there are promising developments in hydrogen ships technology...





...and hydrogen trains...





...as well as in hydrogen transportation and fuel stations





The real problem: logistic chains are designed for the linear economy, not for reverse logistics

- (1) Refuse: prevent the use of raw materials
- (2) Reduce: reduce the use of raw materials
- (3) Reuse: product reuse (second-hand, sharing of products)
- (4) Repair: maintenance and repair
- (5) Refurbish: refurbishing a product
- (6) Remanufacture: creating new products from (parts of) old products
- (7) Repurpose: product reuse for a different purpose
- (8) Recycle: processing and reuse of materials
- (9) Recover energy: incineration of residual flows.



VenhoevenCS architecture+urbanism

How should we organize logistics for the circular economy to avoid loss of value by cost of transportation and storage?





1st circular construction materials hubs Amsterdam, Utrecht: many scales in the value chain of the circular economy





Amsterdam develops the circular harbour and airport, but does it provide a clear concept for scales and circular logistics?





This drawing indicates some network relations, but what happens at these points, and how does stuff get there efficiently?





At the large scale there seems to be a clear strategy how to turn waste into new materials and new products





But while we transition to the circular harbour, what should happen in the city, and how does it connect to the larger region?

Multimodal infrastructure nodes: chances for the circular economy

Can we improve the circular metabolism at European scale, and reduce the impact of transportation at the same time?



VenhoevenCS architecture+urbanism





How can we optimize use of the available networks, connect them and transition to zero emission transportation?



Circular challenges at neighbourhood, city and metropolitan level: how can we optimize small scale metabolism in the last mile?





Organize the circular economy from the smallest scale upward and from the largest scale downward

The Breathing City, City of the Future 2050, Rotterdam (NL) 2018

The proximity principle is a precondition for a successful transition to the circular economy



ALEXANDRIUM

-

VenhoevenCS architecture+urbanism

The Breathing City, City of the Future 2050, Rotterdam (NL) 2018

How does the city of the future solve these issues?

Min I&W Min Int Aff Ams, Rott, Utr, TH, Eind TUDelft AMS PBL Deltametropolis

BNA



Microcity hub organizes neighbourhood level

Multimodal hub connects to the region

Wenzhou Ouhai, nature-inclusive walkable city masterplan, Wenzhou (CN) 2020

Hubs at different scale levels are crucial for an effective circular economy without loss of value by transportation and storage





1 km2 microcity, neighbourhood regeneration and smart city development



With the **UN Sustainable Development Goals** and the **Paris Climate Agreements** we have shared ambitions for the future

The MicroCity model on the next pages translates these ambitions into feasible urban strategies with simple measures at the neighbourhood level

We eliminate most of car traffic and parking in neighbourhoods to create room for people, ecology and the circular economy

This way, neighbourhoods are transformed into resilient natural and urban ecosystems that are part of a strong and resilient circular economy

With these strategies we can create **largely self-sufficient neighbourhoods** and circular economies that seriously reduce man's footprint on the planet

With a combination of **high-tech and low-tech measures** we contribute to multiple ambitions at the same time, including healthy, strong and inclusive local economies

The six capitals approach is used to assess impact on natural, social, human, intellectual, manufactured and financial capital, and progress on the SDG's





SUSTAINABLE GOALS



1 km2 microcity study: an urban approach to sustainability and circularity



fertile soil healthy waterways rainwater neutral green public space green roofs restored biodiversity healing environment urban airconditioning

1 km2 microcity: resilient ecosystem, climate proof

R



attractive public space car free neighbourhood maximum 500 m. walking mobility sharing systems multimodal mobility hub logistics centre greening avoids heat stress

1 km2 microcity: car-free neighbourhood with mobility hubs for people and logistics

VenhoevenCS architecture+urbanism

natural cycles food cycles water cycles energy cycles material cycles circularity hubs knowledge cycles

1 km2 microcity: circular economy at the neighbourhood level

ATAI COUT ATAI



5.000 – 25.000 inhabitants >30% affordable homes schools sports facilities health care cultural facilities playgrounds high quality public space

1 km2 microcity: attractive mixed-use neighbourhood at walking distance









The new container feeder vessel targets traditional trades. - full open-log 1000 TEU intake with 150 reefer slots, 700 TEU @14t - sarvice speed of 15 knots The new container feeder vessel runs on liquid Hydrogen. - two power generation rooms, forward and aft - 5 MW tudi cell systems, with 3 MWh battery systems to provide peak power - multiple type C Intak with 32 M⁻¹ hold liquid Hydrogen for a ten-day roundtrip

Hydrogen powered modes







active modes

Multimodal metropolitan networks and nodes, zero emission transportation with hydrogen powered and active modes



Ton Venhoeven
Sure Eurodelta



18 November 2022